MIT JOI 2012

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Outline

- Introduction and Program Overview
- What we Learned
 - Commercial Crew Program
 - Public Affairs and Constellation Project (Orion)
 - Ground Processing, Constellation Operability Database software tool
 - Technology for Exploration and SRB Recovery Boats
 - Shuttle Transition and Retirement Office
 - Engineering and Technology Directorate
 - Launch Services Program
 - ISS Ground Processing and Researching Project Office
- Closing Remarks



January Operational Internship (JOI) Overview

- Started in 2004 at the suggestion of then Deputy Administrator
 Fred Gregory during a visit to MIT
- Run through MIT by Raji Patel and Dr. Jeff Hoffman, currently funded through the Massachusetts Space Grant Consortium
- 8 students from MIT Aero/Astro
- 2.5 weeks in KSC during Independent Activities Period
- Tours, briefings, demonstrations across KSC
- Design versus operability





Day 2: Commercial Crew Program Annie Marinan



My Experience

Background

- First year Master's student in AeroAstro
- Space Systems Laboratory

Why I came

- Florida in January
- Opportunity to see inner workings of KSC
- Curiosity about end of Shuttle Program and human exploration (expand on satellite and planetary missions focus)

What I got out of it

- View of everything more than most employees get to see
- Appreciation for scope and details of space exploration
- Tips and pieces of advice along the way





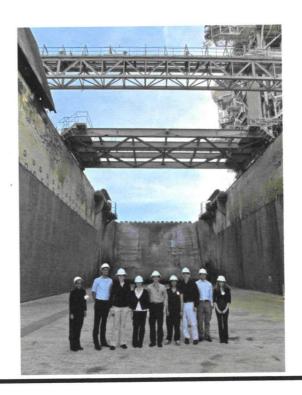
Day 2: Commercial Crew Program Overview

Introduction to CCP

- Partner Integration
- Program Control and Integration
- Systems Engineering and Requirements
- Systems

Tour of LC39A









Day 2: Commercial Crew Program Overview

- Post-shuttle approach to sending crew and cargo to LEO
 - 2010 NASA Authorization Act
 - Focusing on safe, reliable, cost-effective methods
- Productive working relationships between NASA and commercial partners
 - Insight/Oversight model
- Strategic Plan
 - CCDev1 (Commercial Crew Development) initial design concepts
 - CCDev2 current stage maturing design elements
 - Integrated Design Phase announce opportunities this year entire systems
 - DTEC (design, test, evaluation, certification) Phase 2, initial ISS missions



Day 2: Commercial Crew Program Design vs Operability

Commercial companies responsible for design

- Paradigm shift for NASA
- Insight/oversight role for NASA

NASA provides high-level requirements and advice

- Only hard requirements (at this stage) come from ISS interface as the final destination
- Stringent NASA standards not imposed industries use own standards with NASA guidance
- Crew Transport and Operations Standards covers training and simulation
 - Document provided to get companies to start thinking about these elements

Launch and Recovery Systems

Transforming KSC into flexible 'spaceport'



Day 2: Commercial Crew Program Past, Present, Future

Completely different role and approach for NASA

- Space Act Agreements rather than Cost Plus or Fixed Price contracts
- Requirements controlled at program level reviewed and critiqued by partners
- Support and advise partners while preserving competitive approach
- Relatively small department flexible and efficient

Elements from past programs

- Checks and balances, Technical/Program board structure, independent assessments
- Trying to incorporate as much existing architecture as possible (e.g. launch platforms, facilities)

Challenges for the future

- Politics and logistics with commercial integration structure
- Closing on business cases
- Developing new systems vs updating existing systems



Day 2: Commercial Crew Program Acknowledgements

- Commercial Crew Program (FA)
- Tyrell Hawkins
- Tracey Drake
- Karen Lucht
- Pam Zeitler
- Cheryl Malloy
- Pat Hanan
- Melissa Jones



Day 3: Public Affairs and Constellation (Orion) Chris Rossi



My Experience

Background

- 2nd year Master's student
- Starting career in human spaceflight at Draper Labs in Houston in Guidance, Navigation, Control (GNC) in July

Why I came

- Gain understanding of KSC culture and organization
 - Previously interned at JPL and JSC
- Learn as much as possible

What I got out of it

- Brought US space program to life
 - Flight hardware!
- Ground and launch operational considerations with key examples
- Value of using existing infrastructure and resources





Day 3: Public Affairs Overview

Tour of press site

- Press conference room
- Television studio
- Audio and visual equipment rooms
- · Video archives



Day 3: Public Affairs Past, Present, Future

- Flexible resource for any launches and exploration activities
- Able to support to other NASA centers and commercial companies
- Accommodates large media groups
 - Typically ~500 media for Shuttle launch
 - Max of ~3200 for Apollo 11
 - Similar maximum for SLS exploration launches?





Day 3: Public Affairs Acknowledgements

- George Diller
- William Rauckhorst
- Alysia Lee
- Public Affairs team



Day 3: Constellation (Orion) Overview

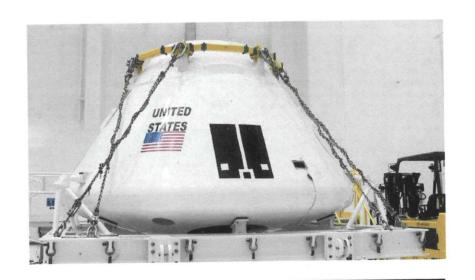
- Tours of MPPF (Multi-Payload Processing Facility) and O&C (Operations and Checkout) Buildings
 - MPCV (Multi-Purpose Crew Vehicle) to be integrated and vacuum tested in O&C
 - MPPF to be used for MPCV pre-flight and post-flight processing
 - Saw MPCV test article used in 2011 LAS (Launch Abort System) test





Day 3: Constellation (Orion) Design vs. Operability

- Processing time drives vehicle design (e.g. battery life)
- Mobile launcher provides short pad time (~5 days)
- Ground processing: Design -> Simulate -> Mock-up
 - MPCV and white room mock-ups for interface testing, crew emergency egress testing
 - Influence MPCV design early on
 - More focus on operability than Apollo?
- MPCV will be used infrequently compared to Shuttle
 - Design may dominate operability



Day 3: Constellation (Orion) Past, Present, Future

Use of existing infrastructure

- MPPF
- O&C renovated
 - Vacuum chambers from Apollo era to be used
 - · New hardware integration tools
 - New lean practices and air bearings to increase efficiency
- Pad 39B (without fixed or rotating service structures)

Selective reuse

- MPCV will reuse expensive inner components (e.g. avionics), but not outer structure
- Looking forward to Exploration Flight Test 1!



Day 3: Constellation (Orion) Acknowledgements

- Doug Lenhardt
- Mr. Quinn
- Orion ground processing team



Day 4: Ground Processing Directorate Chris Trigg



My Experience

Background

- First year Master's student in AeroAstro, PARTNER Laboratory (Air Transportation, Noise, and Emissions Reduction)
- Recent switch from environmental engineering

Why I came

- Interest in getting a more complete and detailed understanding of the shuttle program (mission cycle, ground infrastructure, etc.)
- Wanting a broader knowledge of space systems (as opposed to aeronautical research focus)



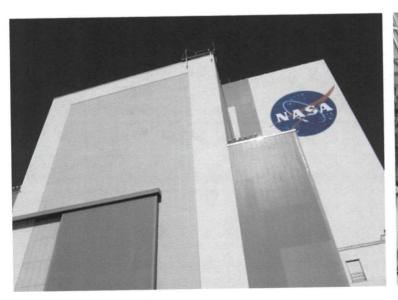
What I got out of it

- Employee experience and advice on career path development
- Extraordinary new appreciation for the detail and complexity involved in all of NASA's programs
- · Once in a lifetime tours



Day 4: Ground Processing Directorate Overview

- GPD Overview Presentation
- VAB Tour
- Presentations by 21st Century Ground Operations
 - Ground Operations Planning Database
 - Integrated Launch and On-Orbit Assembly Risk Analysis









Day 4: Ground Processing Directorate Design vs. Operability

High-level

- Trade-off of operability vs. design often program specific (Shuttle vs. one-off planetary mission)
- Flexibility Fundamental requirements independent of actual design allow for accommodation of multiple designs/iterations (launch tower umbilical)

Mid-level

GOPDb – Operations planning tool, designed for ease of operations

Low-level

 Building maintenance and sustained operability (VAB max floor loads, crane certification, vertical lift door access)



Day 4: Ground Processing Directorate Past, Present, Future

VAB

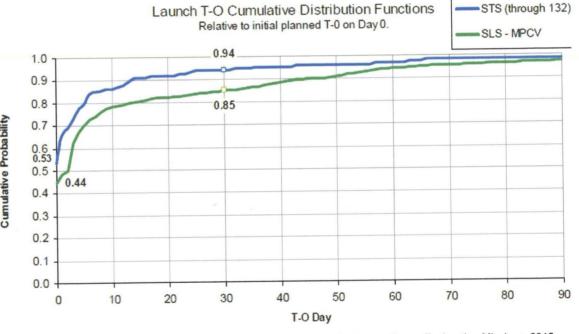
- Door height design constraint for future launch vehicles
- History of reuse with modification

Ground Operations

- Capability driven with block upgrades
- Modernization of existing ground infrastructure

SLS LOM Risk Analysis for NEA DRM

- Launch delay risk models based on STS
- SLS well below 95% success target for launch w/in 30 days



Cates, Grant et al. Launch Assembly Reliability Analysis for Human Space Exploration Missions. 2012 IEEE/AIAA Aerospace Conference, March 2012, Big Sky, MT.



Day 4: Ground Processing Directorate Acknowledgements

- Kathryn Barger
- Scott Kerr
- VAB Crane Operations Team
- Cliff Lanham and 21st Century Ground Operations Team
- Dr. Grant Cates



Day 5: Technology for Exploration Henna Jethani



My Experience

Background

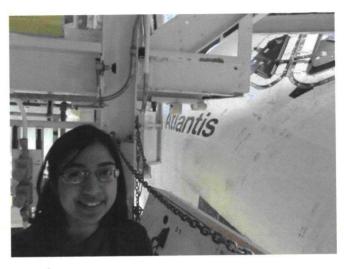
- Sophomore in AeroAstro
- Two summer internships at NASA Ames
 - Martian Paleochannels
 - Nanotubes and Nanowires for photovoltaic solar cells

Why I came

- Wanted to see a big space systems-oriented NASA center
- Learn about NASA's transition from the shuttle program
- · Experience a team internship

What I got out of it

- · Made me less confused about what I want to do
- Determined to continue with aerospace engineering
- Put what we're learning in school into perspective





Day 5: Electrostatics at the SLSL Overview

Electrostatic separator

- Prevents potential problems as a result of lunar dust
- Design phase

Regolith Derived Heat Shields

- Three possible methods
- Concept development phase

Funding

Need to find cost-effective and efficient methods to carry out projects





Day 5: Liberty Star and Freedom Star Overview

- SRB Recovery
- Small Crew
- Toured the Freedom Star and Hangar
- Operability vs. Design
 - Multi-purpose
 - Boats made to last
 - SRBs demonstrate good design







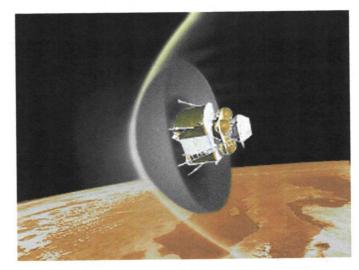
Day 5: Technology for Exploration Past, Present and Future

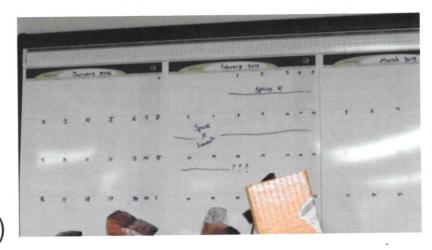
Electrostatics at the SLSL

- Electrostatic separator in testing phase
- Regolith Derived Heat Shields have not reached the testing phase
- Both projects working to develop cost-effective methods

Freedom Star and Liberty Star

- Main purpose was SRB recovery
- Now they help commercial companies
 - Radar-tracking
 - Advising
- Training for Orion recovery
- Recover SLS SRBs (tentative if reusable)







Day 5 Acknowledgements

- Technology for Exploration Discussion:
 - Dr. Carlos Calle
 - Dr. Michael D. Hogue
- Freedom Star and Liberty Star:
 - Captain David S. Fraine



Day 6: Shuttle Transition and Retirement Zachary Casas



My Experience

Background

Junior in the AeroAstro Department

Why I came

- To learn how the aerospace industry operates
- To learn where NASA is going next

· What I got out of it

- · Got to see amazing things that a lot of employees don't even get to see
- Appreciation for all of the different people and offices that work to make manned and unmanned spaceflight possible





Day 6: Shuttle Transition and Retirement Overview

- KSC Shuttle Transition & Retirement Briefing
- Tour of OPF 1 and 2
- Tour of ISS Storage Facility
- Tour of NSSD (NASA Spacecraft Servicing Depot)
- Meet and Greet with Janet Petro

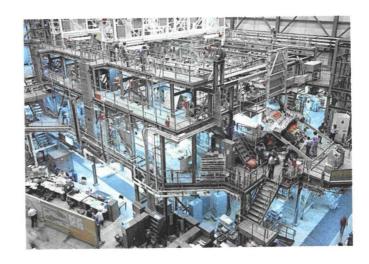




Day 6: Shuttle Transition and Retirement Design vs. Operability

- Original idea of servicing the Shuttle was simple, but in reality is much more complex
- Designed Orbiters, SRMs, and SRBs to be reusable
- Designed facilities so that after the Shuttle is retired, they can be reused and kept for future work





Day 6: Shuttle Transition and Retirement Past, Present, Future

Present

- There was no planned transition phase from Apollo, but NASA is working on smoothly transitioning from the Shuttle Program
- OPF 3 is currently sublet to Boeing

Future

- Returning to the use of capsules for manned space flight with Orion MPCV
- About 70% of the real property used for the Shuttle will be kept and changed for future uses
- OPF 1 and OPF 2 are going to other companies, but the negotiations have not yet been finished



Day 6: Shuttle Transition and Retirement Acknowledgments

- Deborah Smith
- George Jacobs
- Kathryn Barger
- Jeff Wheeler
- Batman and Robin
- NSSD Team
- Wendy Neuerburg
- Janet Petro

Day 7: Engineering and Technology Directorate Daniel Rankin



My Experience

Background

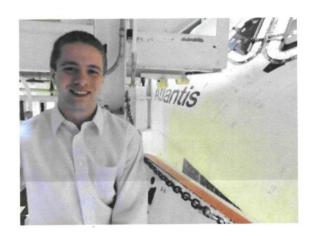
- Junior in AeroAstro
- Research in MIT's Man-Vehicle Lab on Bio-Suit technology

Why I came

- NASA is an icon of space travel
- To see how KSC operates and interacts as a whole

What I got out of it

- Space travel requires much more than just the flight vehicle
- NASA is undergoing transition but still moving full speed ahead



Day 7: Engineering and Technology Directorate Overview

- Chief Engineers Office
- Surface Systems Office
- Systems Hardware Engineering
- Applied Physics
- Prototype Development
- Technical Management



Day 7: Engineering and Technology Directorate Chief Engineers Office -- Mobile Launcher

- NASA's Shuttle mindset is changing to systems with more compatibility
- Design constraints had to fit existing structures
- Exhaust Port designed to be modified
- Umbilicals put on rails to accommodate design changes for Constellation



Day 7: Engineering and Technology Directorate Surface Systems Office

- Concerns about erosion on landings
 - Experience from Apollo missions
- Sandblasting nearby structures
 - Need to think about landing areas
 - Use Excavators to make berms to protect settlements and structures
- Lance Blade



Day 7: Engineering and Technology Directorate Systems Hardware Engineering

- Generic control systems for launch and recovery from Constellation
- Based on commercial products for flexibility and future support
- Core system and interfaces for specific rockets
- Visual PLC (programmable logic controller)



Day 7: Engineering and Technology Directorate Applied Physics

- Schlieren System
- Water vacuum for Shuttle tiles
- Hail/defect monitor for external tank
- Ultrasonic telescope for locating leaks
- Magnets for shock absorption and mobility
- RESOLVE





Day 7: Engineering and Technology Directorate Prototype Development

- Large role in troubleshooting
- Composites
 - Lack of information
 - Time consuming and expensive
- Rapid Prototyping



Day 7: Engineering and Technology Directorate Technical Management

- Flight hardware performance vs ground operations
- Operational improvements from past programs
 - Orbiter infrastructure
 - ISS
 - Airlock
 - · Workstand configuration flexibility
 - · Equipment pack installation



Day 7: Engineering and Technology Directorate Acknowledgments

- Patrick Simpkins
- Hector Delgado
- Jack Fox
- Todd Steinrock
- Dwayne Perry
- Bob Youngquist
- Roger Matthews
- Ian Kappes



Day 8: Launch Services Program Lindsay Sanneman



My Experience

Background

- Sophomore in the AeroAstro Department
- Space Systems Lab
 - MicroMAS Satellite
 - Zero Robotics High School Programming competition

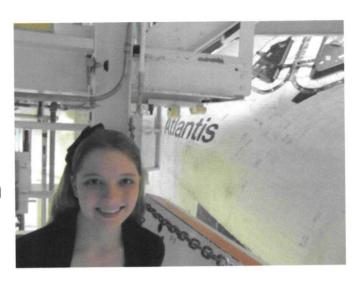
Why I came

- Always loved NASA and the space program
- Wanted to learn more about NASA's operations and its direction after the shuttle program

What I got out of it

- Got me excited about space exploration again
- Helped me see real world applications in the midst of technical studies
- Allowed me to see many different aspects of NASA's operations and how they fit together





Day 8: Launch Services Program (VA) Overview

Overview of LSP

- 12 years old
- Handles most of NASA's robotic launches
- Acts as a form of insurance for NASA's payloads by providing technical support to contracted companies

Multi-Operational Support Building (MOSB) & Payload Hazardous Servicing Facility (PHSF)

- · Payload integration and testing site
- Class 10,000 laminar flow clean room

Hangar AE

Launch Vehicle Data Center used by contractors on launch day

Tour of Cape Canaveral Launch Sites

History of launches: Mercury, Gemini, Apollo, and Shuttle



Day 8: Launch Services Program (VA) Design vs Operability

- LSP is a long-term investment by NASA
- Certifies design of vehicle to ensure future operability of vehicle
- Does not own any launch hardware, so does not have direct control over design of vehicle, but able to make suggestions







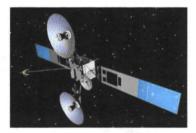




Day 8: Launch Services Program (VA) Past, Present, and Future

- Have launched many of NASA's historic missions such as Mars Exploration Rovers, Cassini, Juno, and Kepler
- Recent notable missions include GRAIL and Mars Science Laboratory
- Many missions for the future including NuStar, IRIS, LADEE, and MAVEN, and ISS resupply missions
- LSP's mission remained mostly unchanged after the retirement of the Shuttle



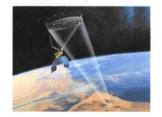




















Day 8: Launch Services Program (VA) Acknowledgements

- Jenny Lyons
- Albert Sierra
- Brent Seale
- Reed Divertie
- Karen Childree
- Nate Wood



Day 9: ISS Ground Processing Libby Jones



My Experience

Background

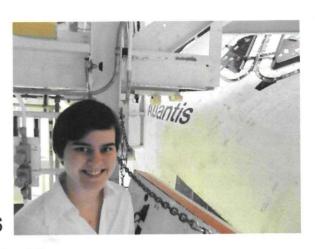
Sophomore in AeroAstro

Why I came

- Desire to learn how an engineering workforce operates
- Interested in seeing where NASA is headed after the Shuttle program

What I got out of it

- Engineering is just one (small) part of the picture
- NASA is still very busy despite the many changes it is going through





Day 9: ISS Ground Processing & Research

ISS Overview

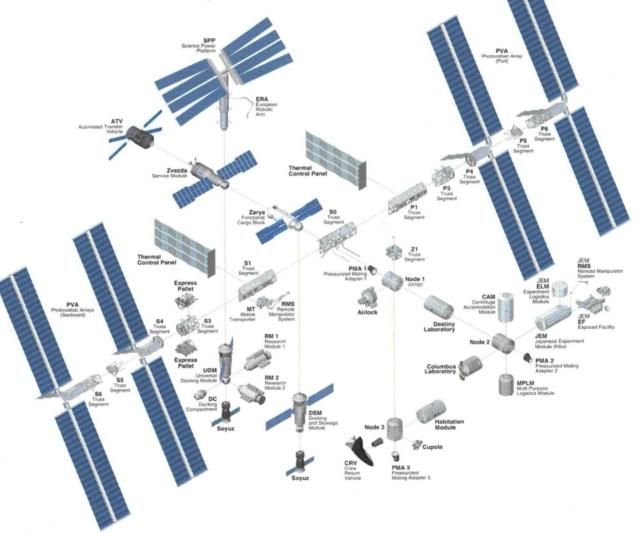
- 32 missions to build over 10.5 years
- Occupied continuously for over 11 years
- Partnership among five countries
 - NASA, ROSCOSMOS, JAXA, ESA, CSA
- Commercial companies now getting involved
 - Orbital: Taurus II rocket with Cygnus spacecraft (unmanned)
 - SpaceX: Falcon 9 rocket with Dragon spacecraft (manned or unmanned)

NSPIRES (NASA Solicitation and Proposal Integrated Review and Evaluation System)

- Solicitations for proposals
- RPWG (Research Planning Working Group) decides when experiments will fly



Day 9: ISS Ground Processing & Research Exploded View of ISS





Day 9: ISS Ground Processing & Research Research Hardware

Racks

- ExPrESS (Expedite the Processing of Experiments for Space Station Research)
 Racks
- HRF (Human Research Facility) Racks
- CIR/FIR (Combustion/Fluids Integrated Rack)

EUE (Experiment Unique Equipment)

- BRIC (Biological Research In Canisters)
 - PDFU (Petri Dish Fixation Units)
 - PDFU Actuator Attachment for fixation
- ABRS (Advanced Biological Research System)
 - · LEDs for plant growth
 - GIS (GFP (Green Fluorescent Protein) Imaging System)



Day 9: ISS Ground Processing & Research



SLP (SpaceLab Pallet)



MLPM FM-2 (Multi-Purpose Logistics Module)



MLPM FM-3



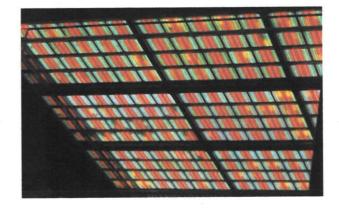


Day 9: ISS Ground Processing & Research SLSL (Space Life Sciences Lab) Tour



VEGGIE

- Collapses to save room in spacecraft
- Grows with plants



- VCD (Vapor Compression Distillation)
- Nitrogen fixation by legumes
- · "Free" light
- MBR (Membrane Bioreactors) hollow fiber membrane system for purifying urine



Day 9: ISS Ground Processing & Research Past, Present, and Future

- ISS designed from the start for long-term operation
- Lessons learned about design from past stations
 - SpaceLab
 - Mir
 - Skylab
- Phases of ISS use
 - Assembly: November 1998 May 2010
 - Habitation: November 2000 present
 - Research: ongoing; expected to peak in 2015



Day 9: ISS Ground Processing & Research Acknowledgements

- Jose Nuñez
- Dr. Ray Wheeler
- ISS Ground Processing Team





Concluding Remarks



Summary

- Shuttle program has ended, but there's still so much going on at KSC
- Commercial companies
- Exploration beyond LEO (SLS, Orion)
- More flexible designs
- Streamlined operations
- ISS Science Experiments





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